



Mapping The Digital Silk Road

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Before the Internet...



Sanskrit, Persian
inscriptions in
Baku's Fire Temple



БЫВШІЙ ХРАМЪ ОГНЕПОКЛОННИКОВЪ (Въ Сураханахъ близъ Баку).



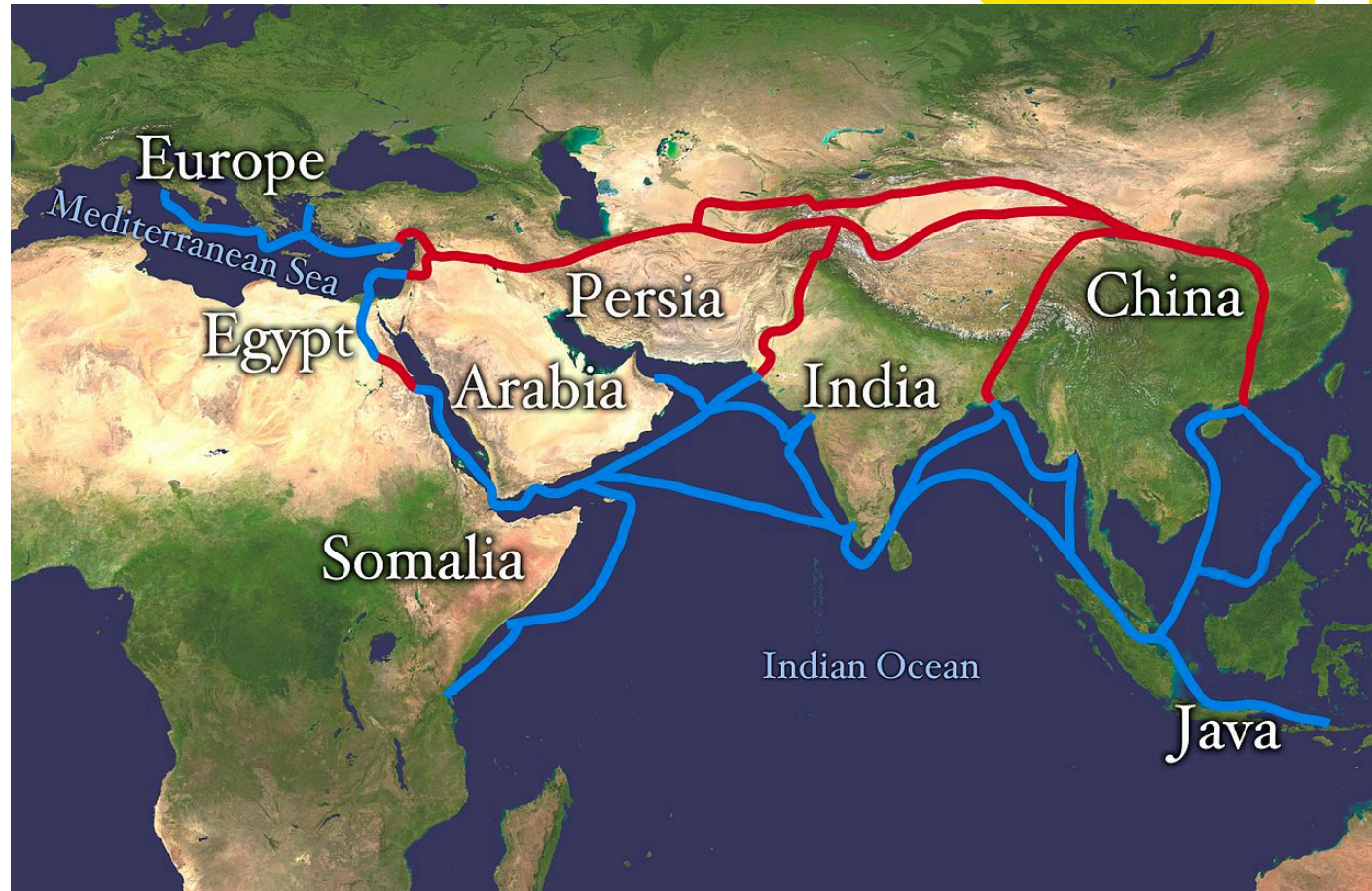
Silk Road: The Original “Network of Networks”

- Common paths for cultural transmission and economic trade, from China to Europe
- Established based on local need, by merchants and traders in search of profit
- Long-distance relationships that were alternately fragile and resilient



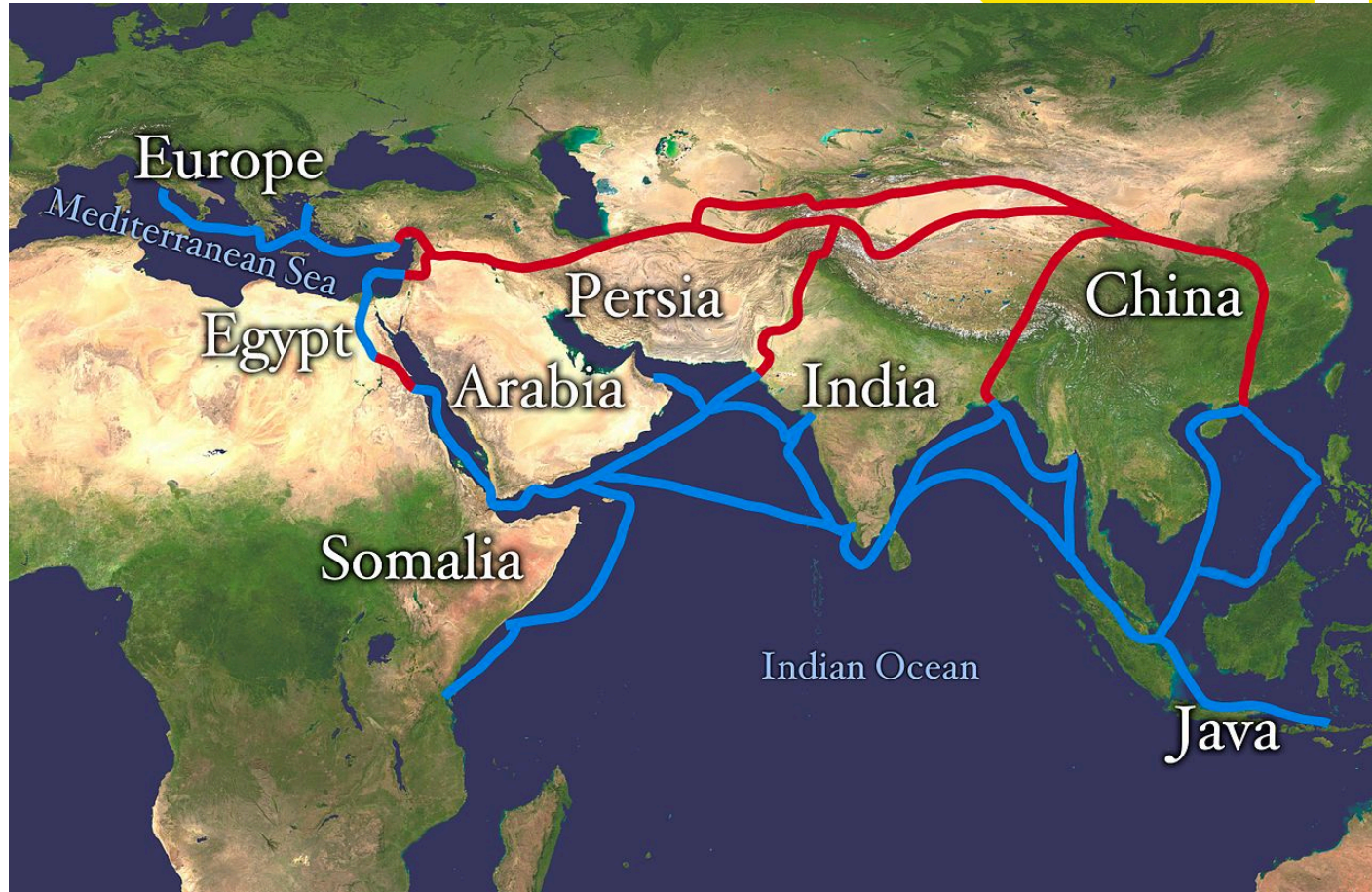
Not One, But 2 *Silk Roads*

Terrestrial
Sea Lanes



Decline (14th c.)

- Decay of Byzantium, End of Mongol Empire, Black Death
- Rise of Maritime Europe → **End-to-End Carriers Replaced Local Handoffs**



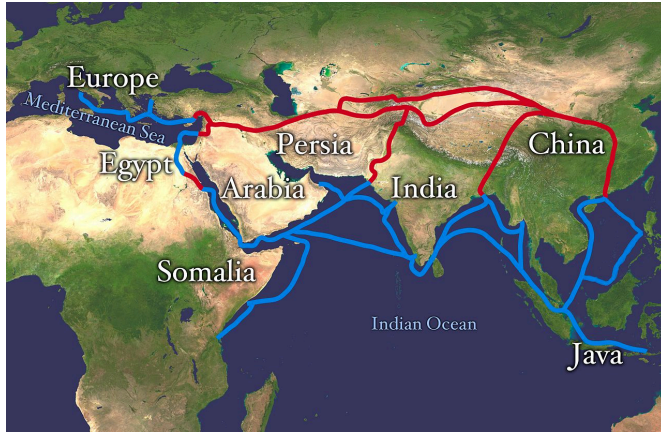
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“The MPLS Tunnel of the Late 14th Century”

Today's Submarine Cable Map



A careful replication of
the ancient trade routes



Credit: <http://www.cablemap.info/>

What About Terrestrial Networks?



Fiber Routes Follow Railway Networks

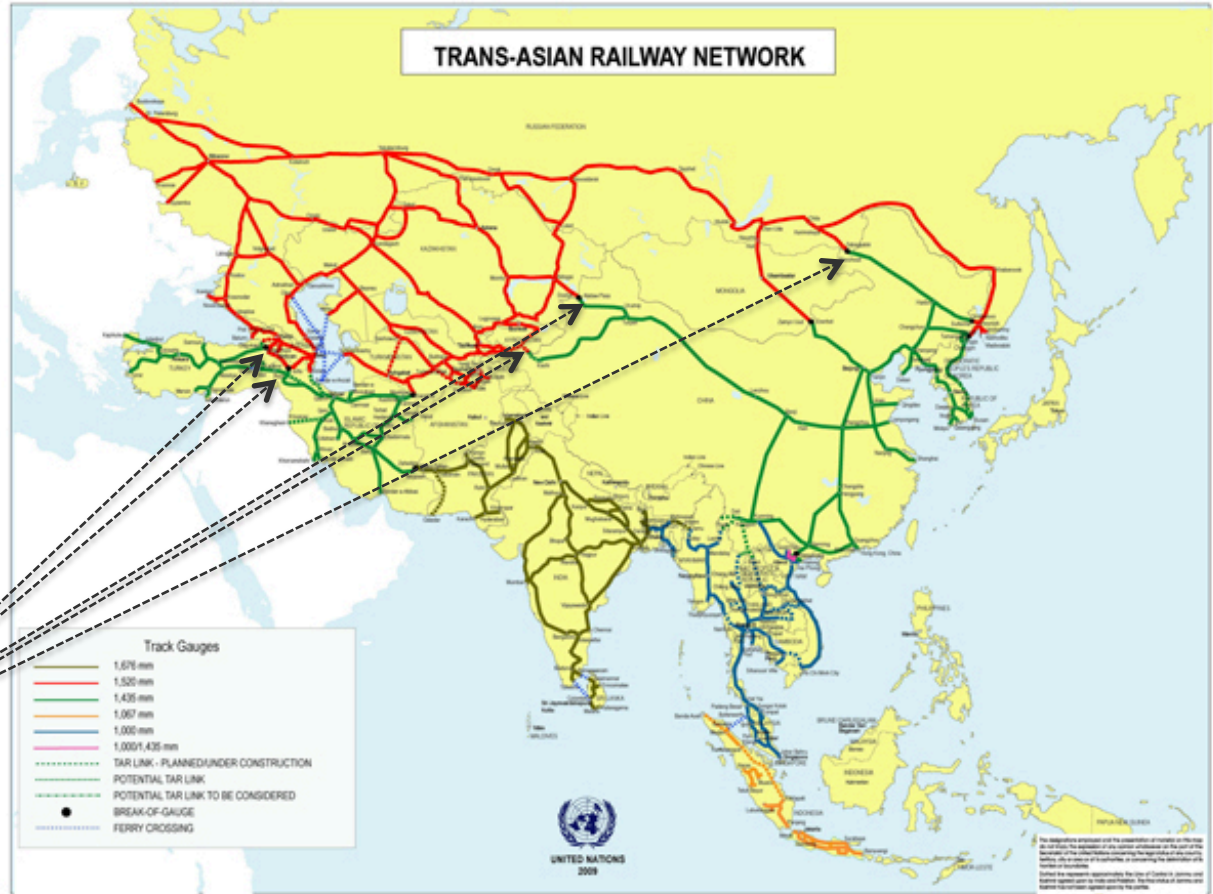
Northern Route

- Russia/CIS

Southern Route

- Turkey, Caucasus,
Iran via Pakistan,
India

Breaks of Gauge along
Russian imperial frontier



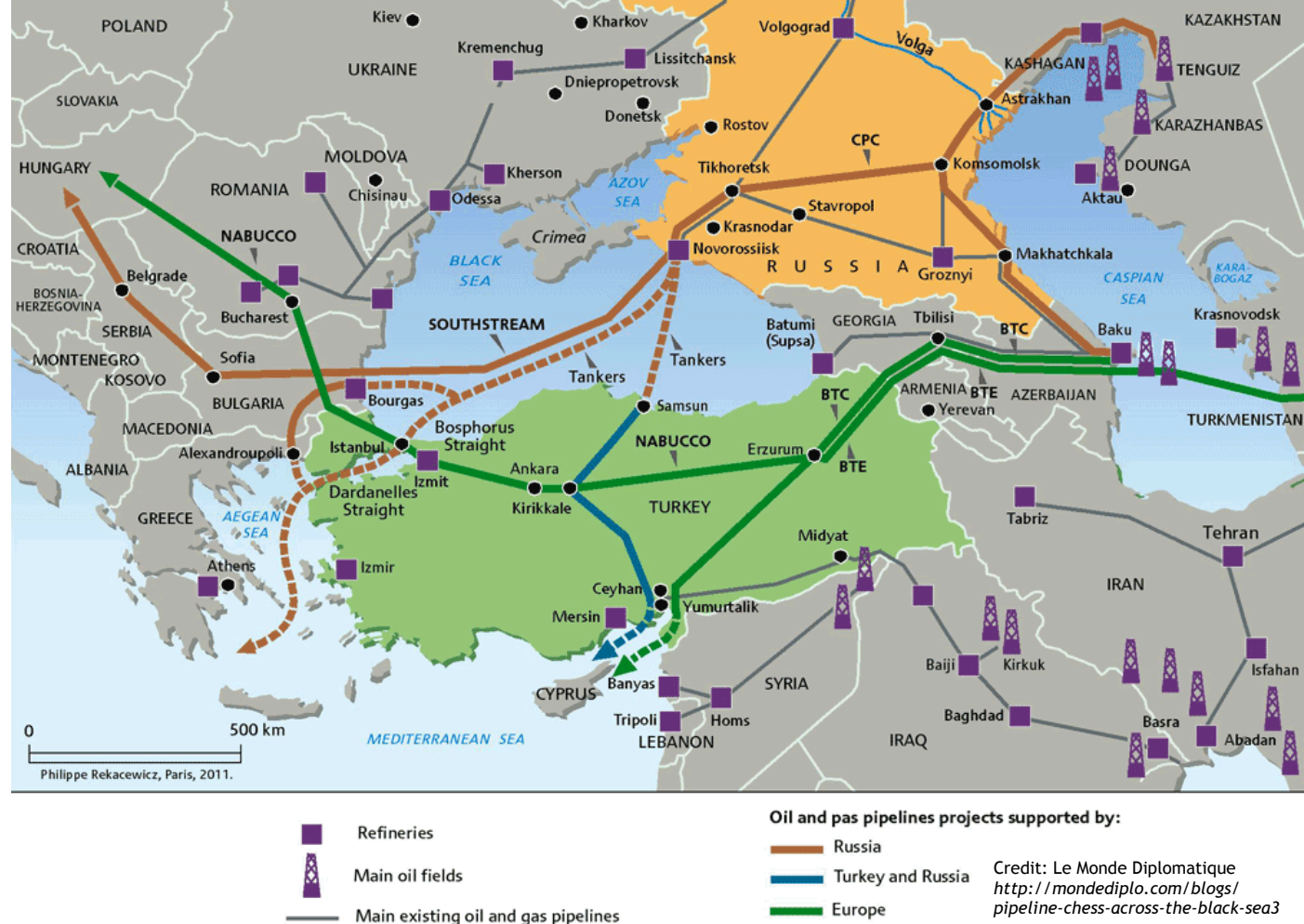
Fiber Routes Also Follow Energy Pipelines

- Baku-Novorossiysk
- Baku-Supsa
- Baku-Tbilisi-Erzurum
- Baku-Turkmenbasy
(Some day?)



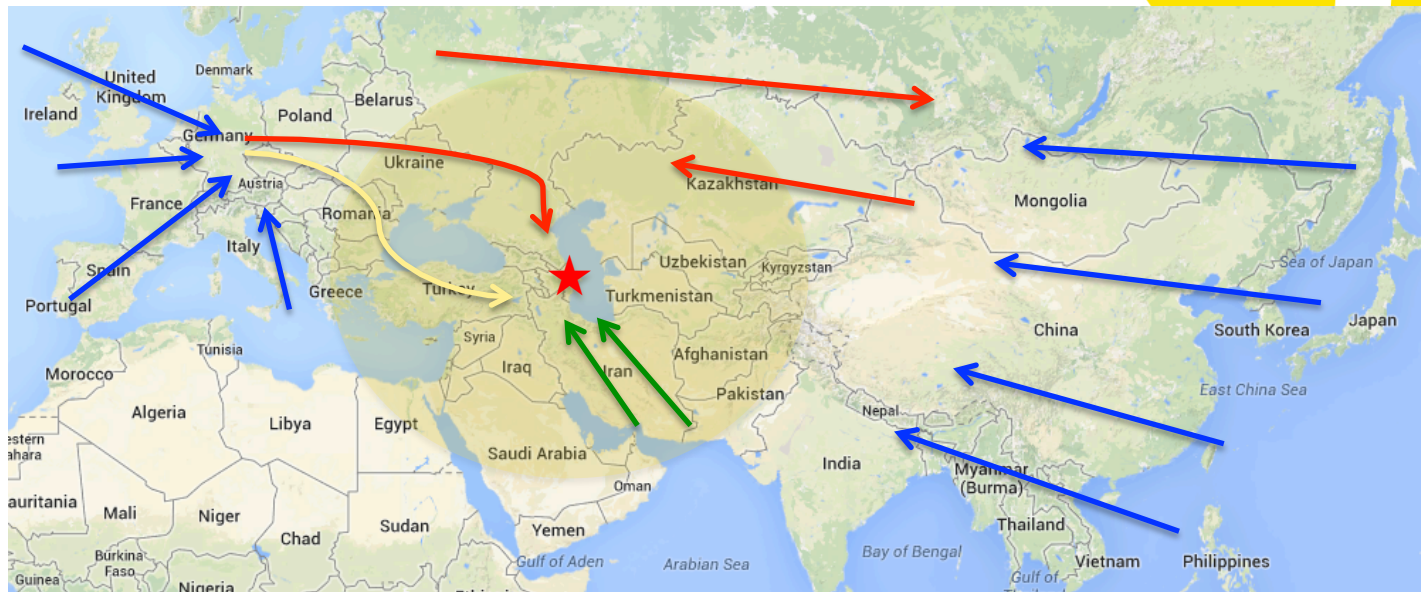
A Complex Game

- Geopolitics of Caspian and Black Sea pipelines
- Every project creates potential new fiber routes

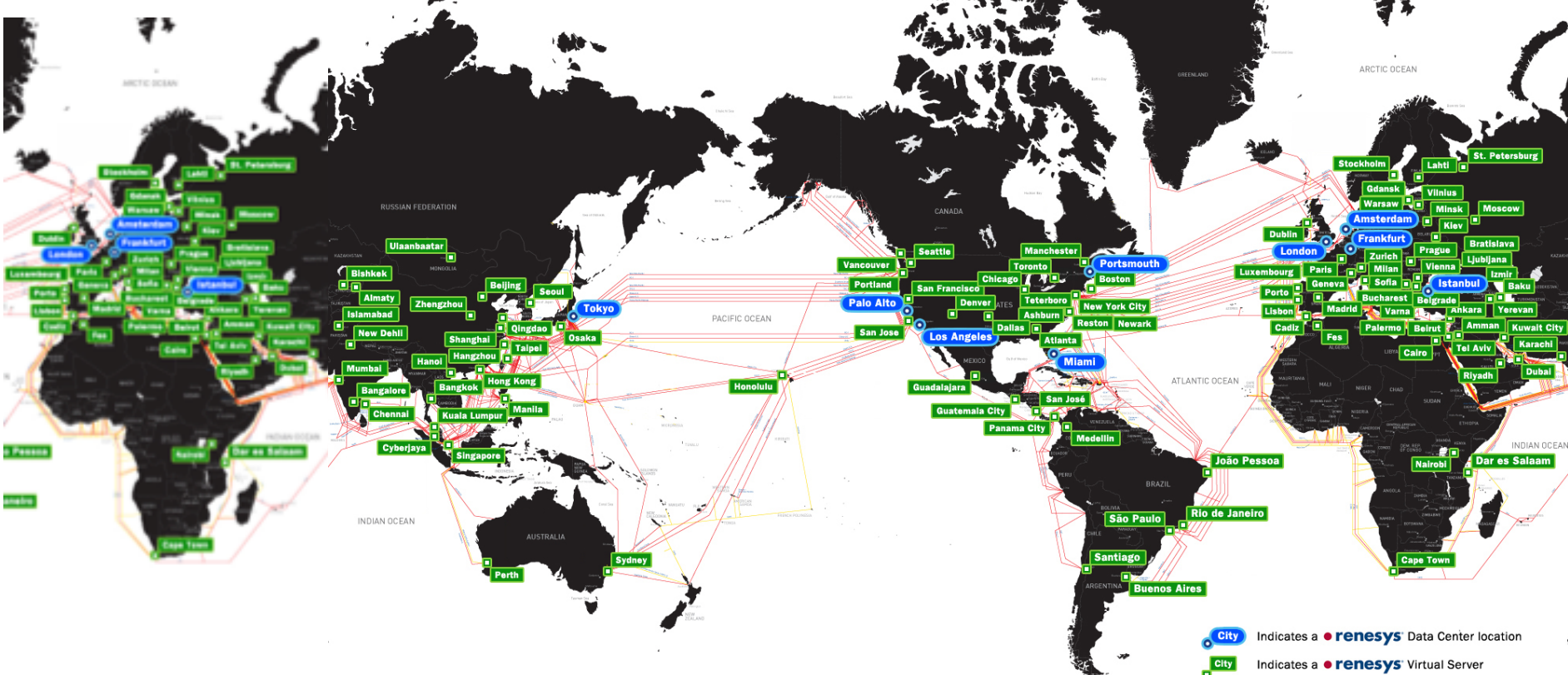


Spheres of Influence: Terrestrial Internet

- EU and APAC drive demand
- Must mitigate risks of submarine pinchpoints
- Russia, Kazakhstan, Turkey, Iran: key terrestrial transmission routes



Caucasus and Caspian nations are (literally) pivotal.



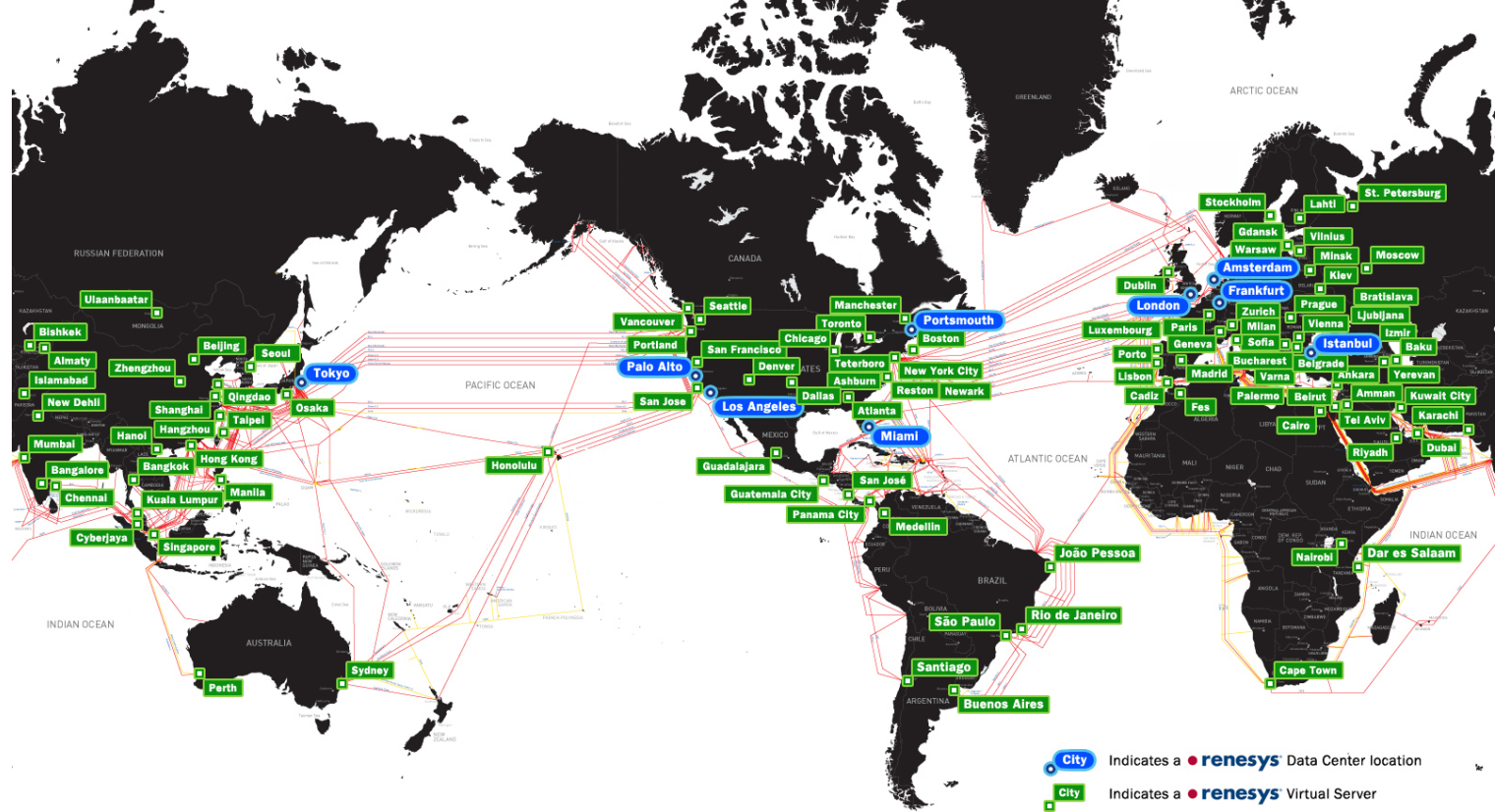
Active Measurement Infrastructure - May 2014 (plus Global Submarine Cable Map)



Note: Some cities host multiple collectors. Cable map credit: Telegeography

Dyn measures the Digital Silk Road from:

- Baku
- Tashkent
- Izmir
- Istanbul
- Ankara
- Yerevan
- Tehran
- Amman
- Karachi
- Islamabad
- Bishkek
- Almaty
-



Active Measurement Infrastructure - May 2014 (plus Global Submarine Cable Map)

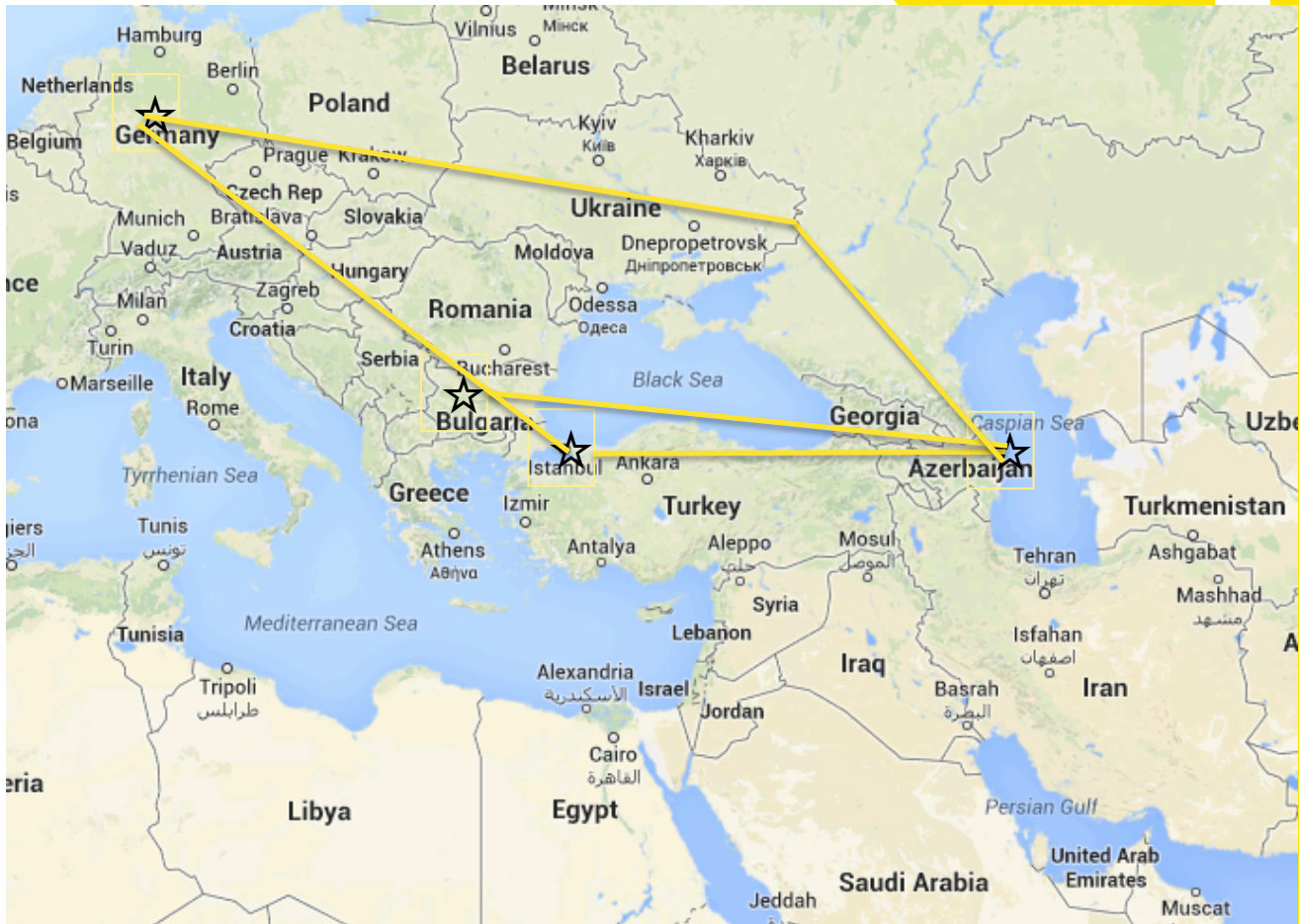


Note: Some cities host multiple collectors. Cable map credit: Telegeography

Distances Are Deceiving

Packets can travel great distances from end to end

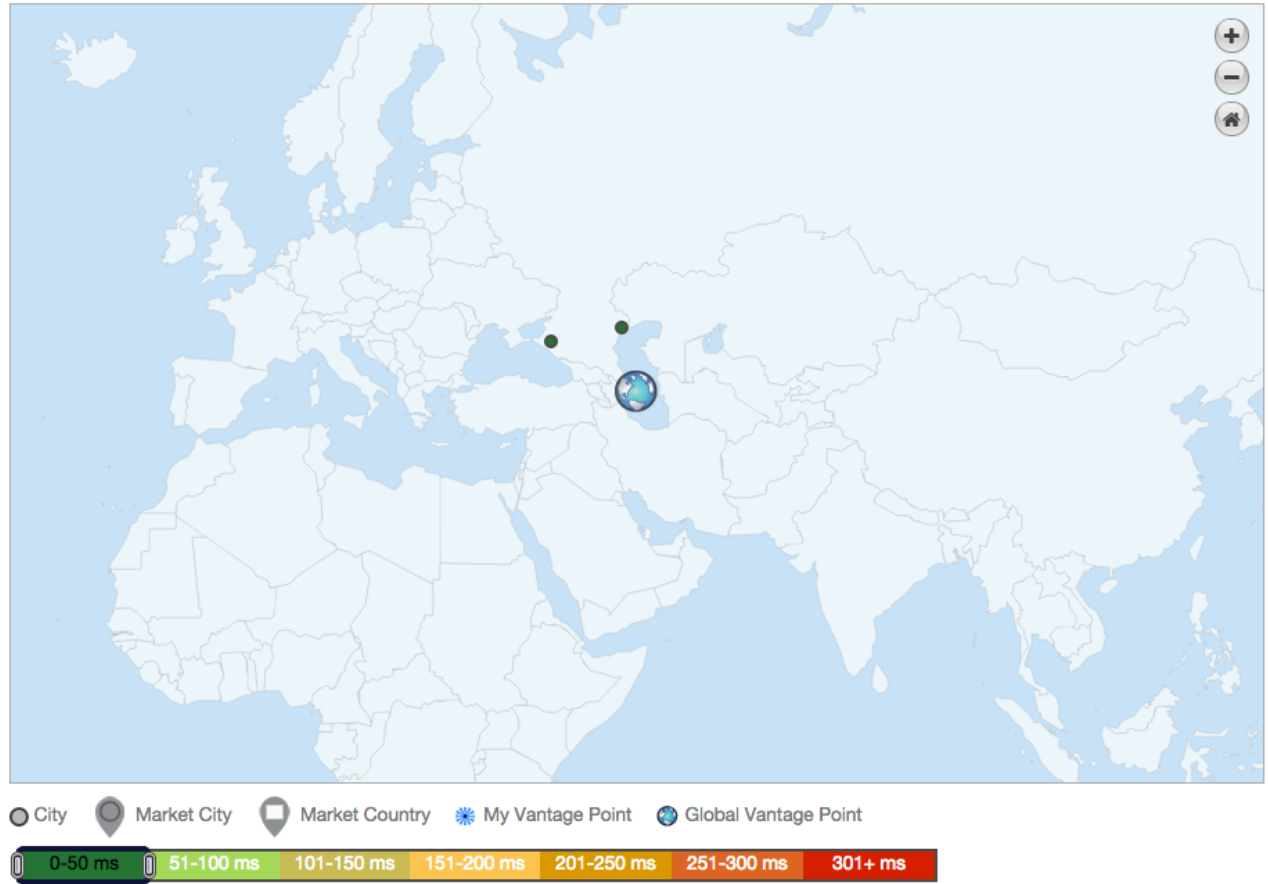
Who peers with whom, and where, helps determine customer experience



Baku's Local Neighborhood

<=50ms RTT

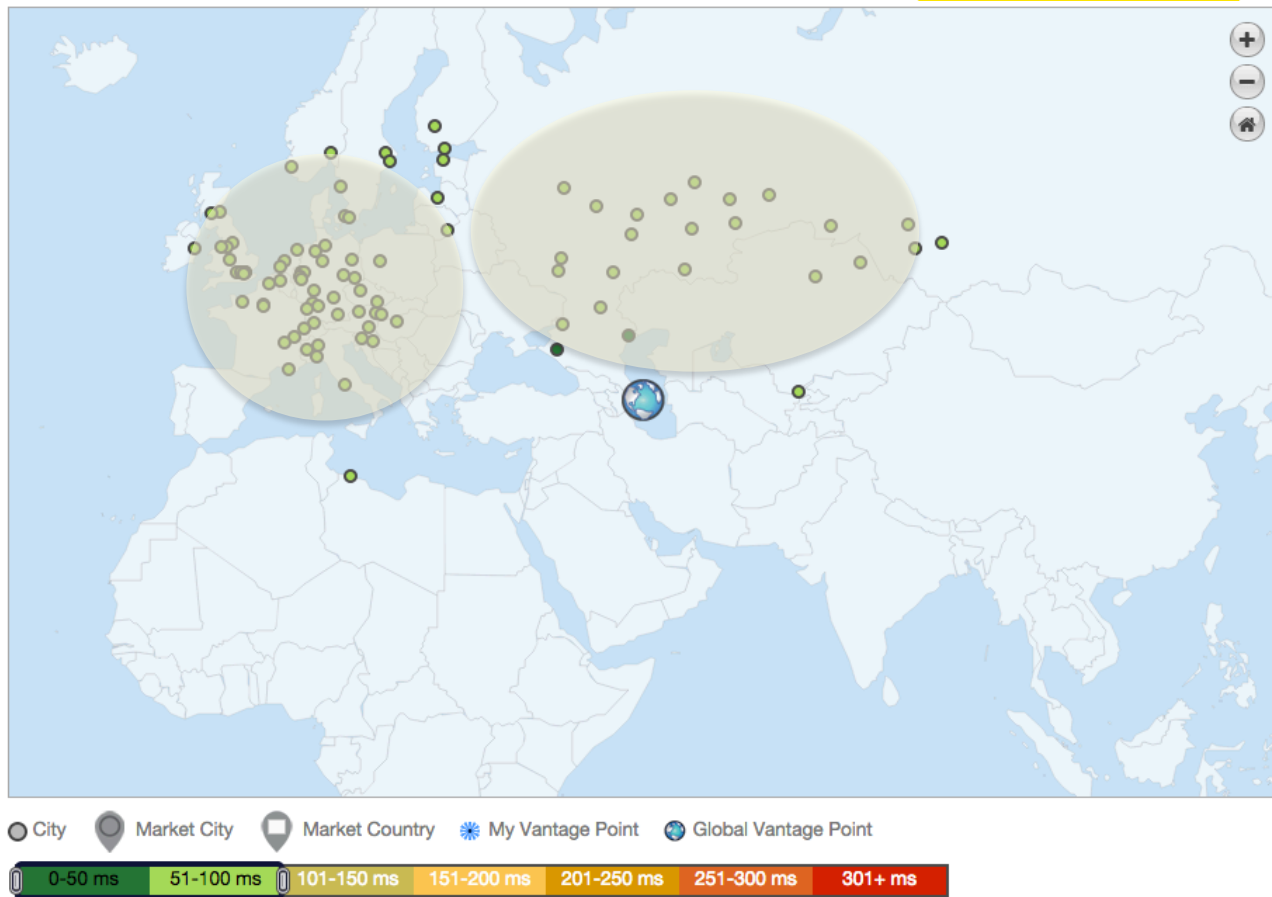
- Baku
- Krasnodar
- Astrakhan
- Direct connection between Delta and Rostelecom 44467



“Two hops” from Baku

50-100ms RTT

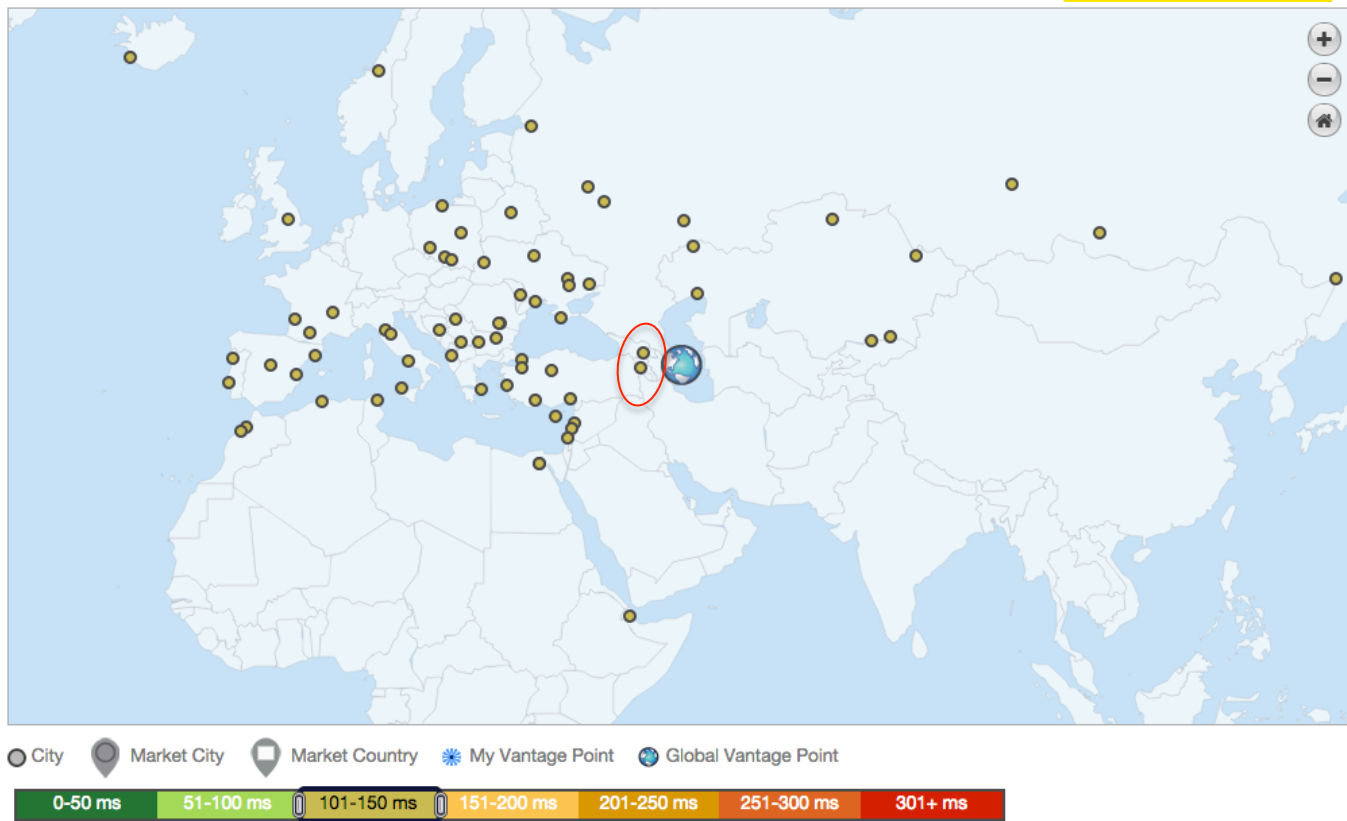
- Dublin
- Tunis
- Astana
- Novosibirsk
- Tashkent



Two Long Hops...

100-150ms RTT

- Reykjavik
- Djibouti
- Almaty, Bishkek
- Khabarovsk
- Tbilisi, Yerevan (!)



Baku-Yerevan

100-150ms RTT

- Traffic traverses roundtrip path to **Sofia, Bulgaria**
- Delta, Armentel both buying transit from L3

RECENT VIEW Latency Measurements

Performance as observed over the past 24 hours.

[Explore performance](#)

[Compare providers](#)

FROM VANTAGE POINT:

Baku 

VP

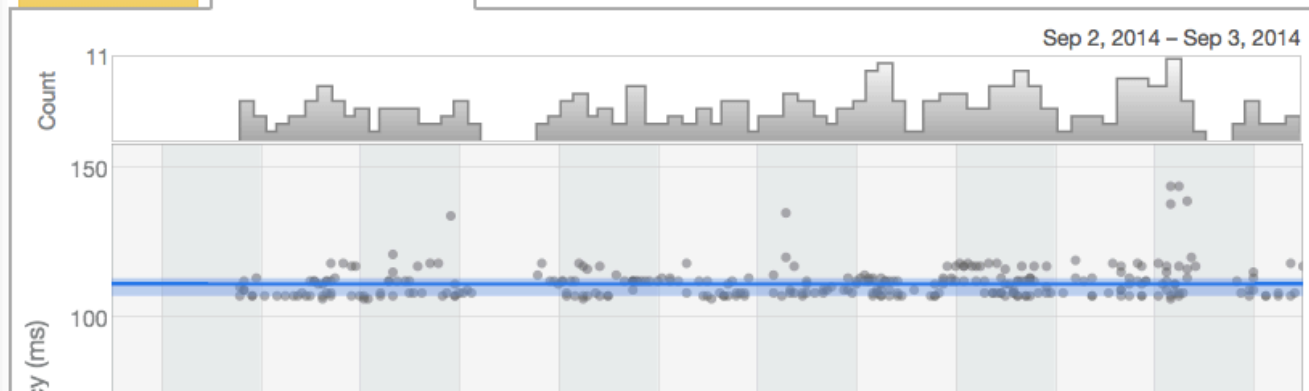


TO CUSTOMER:

Armentel in Yerevan, Armenia 

Traversed Paths

Latency Measurements



Baku-Tbilisi: “Only” 560km

100-150ms RTT *median via longhaul transit*

10ms *optimal via direct local transit*

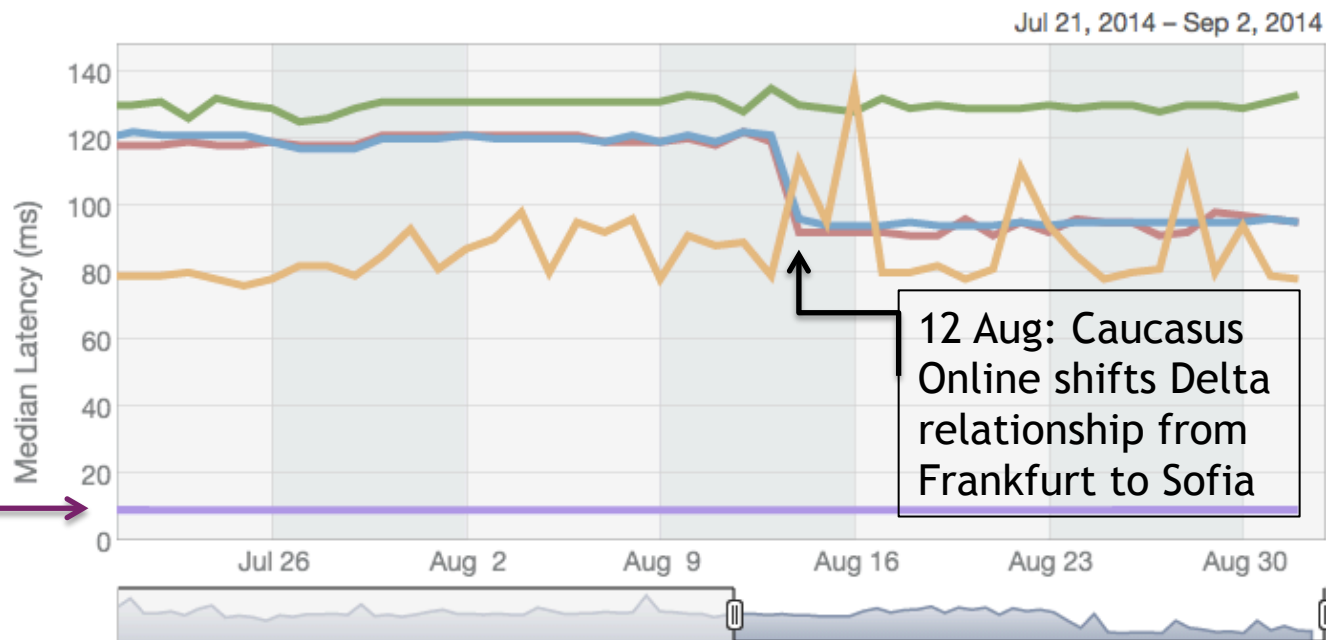
Selected Providers (5 max)

	Var	Path
Caucasus Online (AS 20771)	<input type="checkbox"/>	→
Caucasus Online (AS 28751)	<input type="checkbox"/>	→
Caucasus Online (AS 16010)	<input type="checkbox"/>	→
Silknet (AS 35805)	<input type="checkbox"/>	→
Egrisi (AS 34797)	<input type="checkbox"/>	→

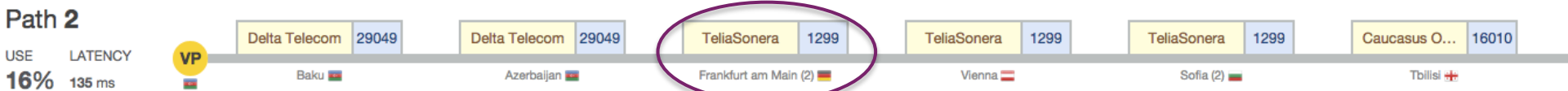
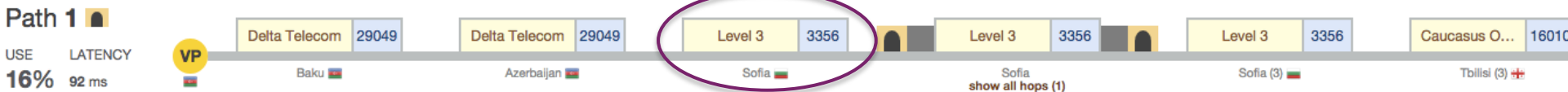
The graph compares the performance histories of selected providers in this market. You can select other providers using the table below.

Egrisi maintains backup transit relationship with Delta

Long Range Performance: Baku, Azerbaijan 🇦🇷 → Tbilisi, Georgia 🇬🇪

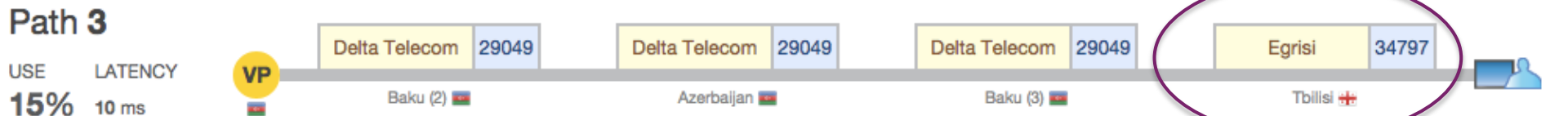


Baku-Tbilisi: Where Do *You* Want To Hand Off?



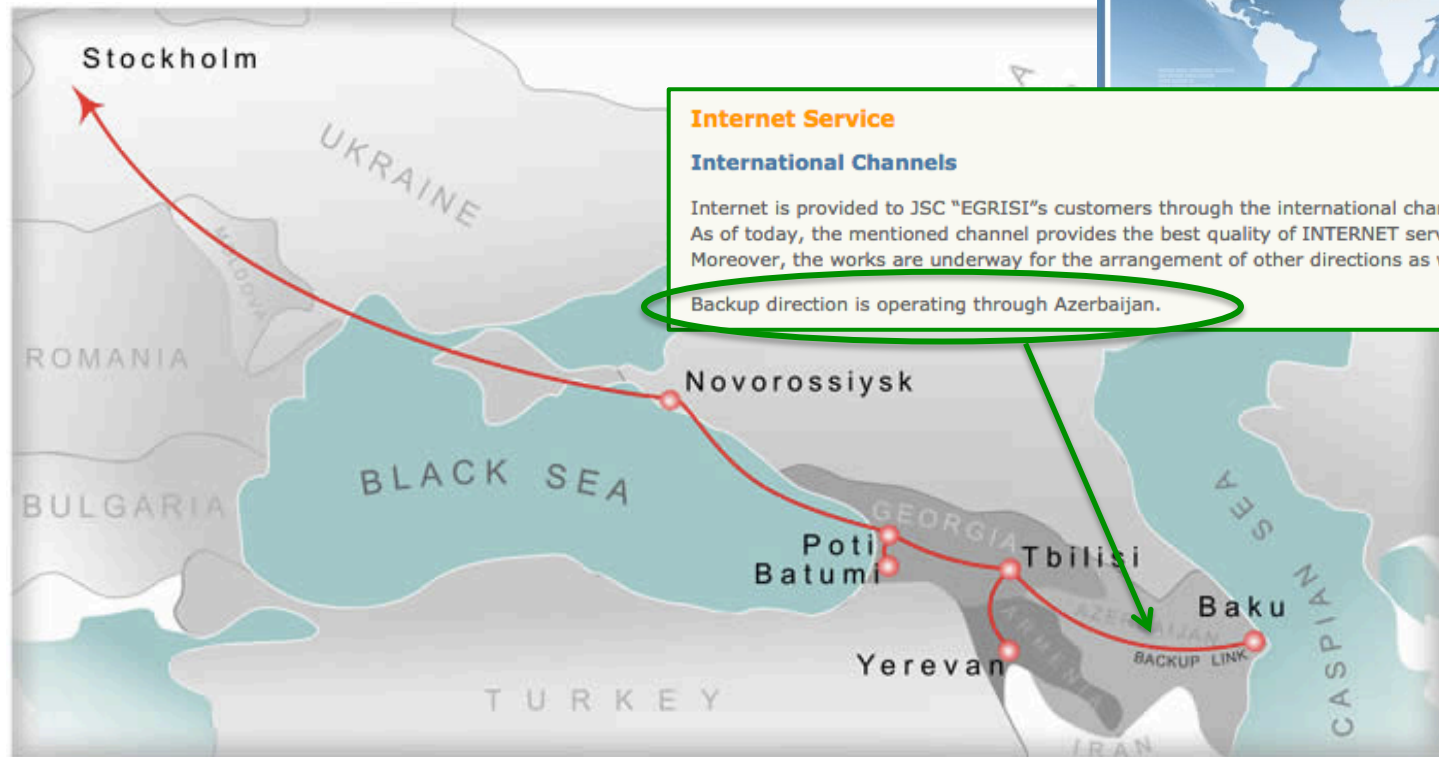
92ms (Baku - Sofia - Tbilisi via Level3)

136ms (Baku - Frankfurt - Tbilisi via TeliaSonera)



10ms (Baku -Tbilisi direct interconnect)

Direct Connection = Faster Service



Internet Service

International Channels

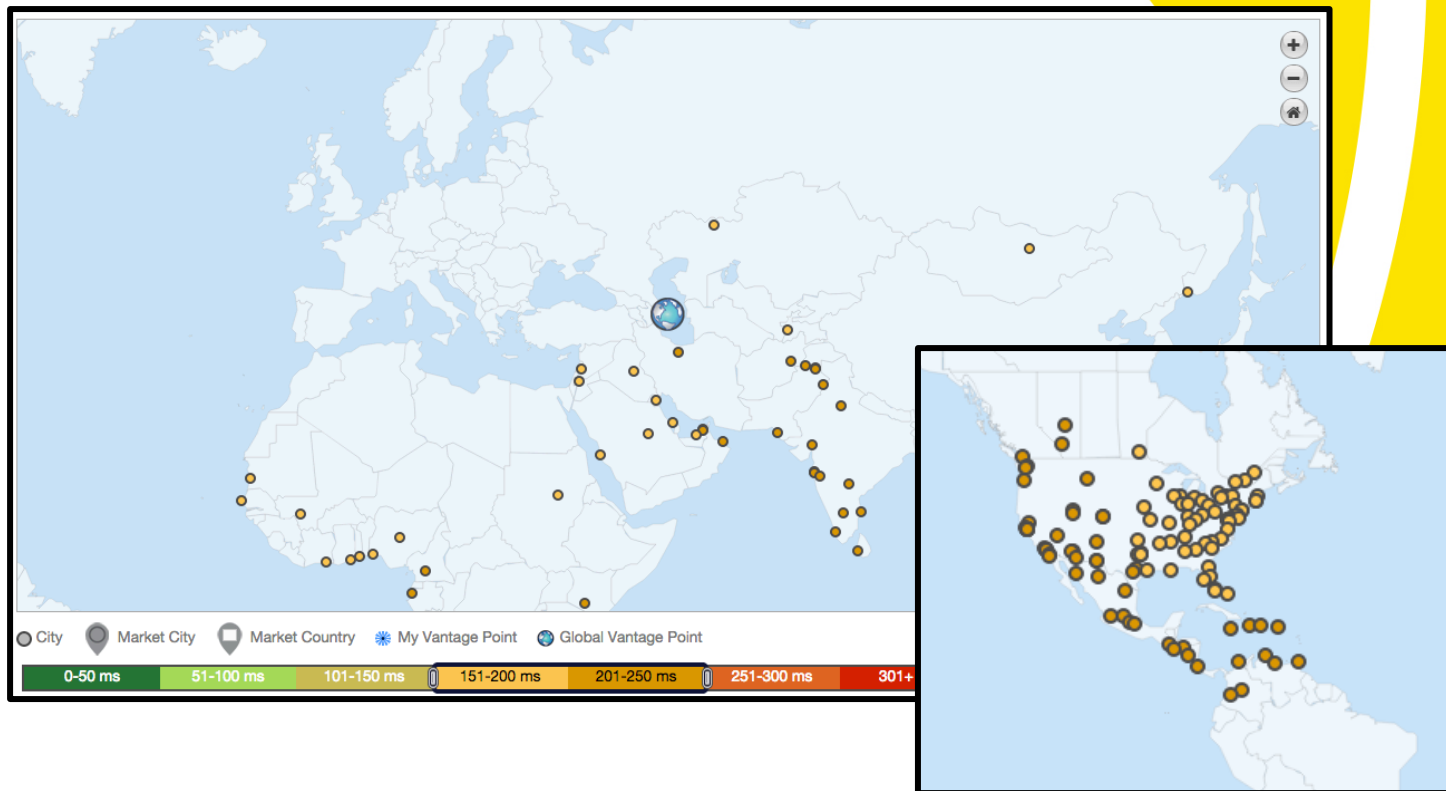
Internet is provided to JSC "EGRISI"s customers through the international channel Tbilisi-Stockholm. As of today, the mentioned channel provides the best quality of INTERNET service. Moreover, the works are underway for the arrangement of other directions as well.

Backup direction is operating through Azerbaijan.

Even Farther From Baku

150-250ms RTT

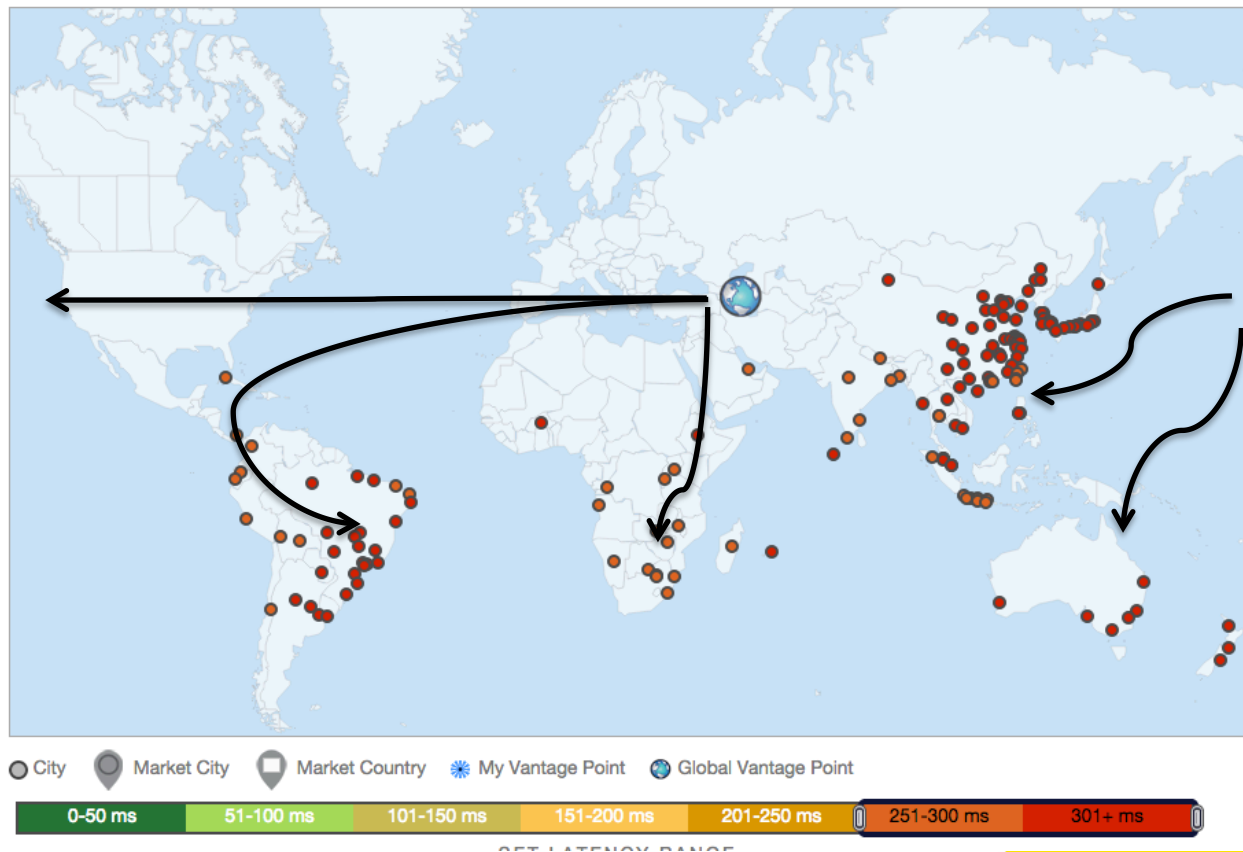
- Vladivostok
- Dakar
- Persian Gulf
- Nairobi
- North America



Farthest from Baku

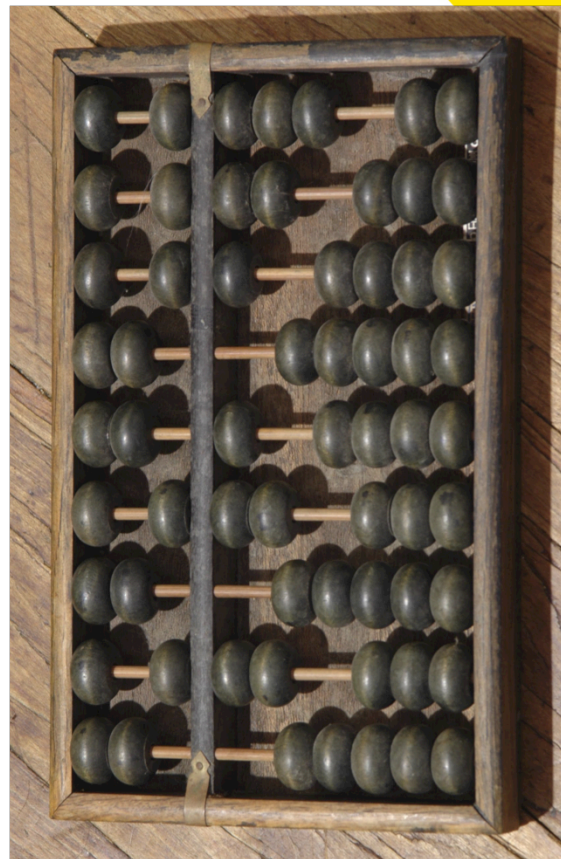
250ms++ RTT

- South America
- South Africa
- Australia
- South/East Asia
- **This is not a good replacement for the Silk Road!**



2. By The Numbers:

Inferring Diversity and Competition Among Regional Providers



Basic ASN Counts, September 2014

Russia	4,450
Ukraine	1,640
Bulgaria	475
Turkey	325
Iran	305
Kazakhstan	199
Moldova	78
Armenia	57
Georgia	51
Iraq	44
Azerbaijan	33

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Azerbaijan	33



ASNs per Million People

Bulgaria	66.0
Ukraine	38.1
Russia	30.5
Moldova	22.3
Armenia	19.0
Kazakhstan	11.7
Georgia	11.3
Turkey	4.2
Iran	3.9
Azerbaijan	3.5
Iraq	1.2

USA	47.7
Netherlands	34.6
Germany	16.5

“ASNs per capita” varies widely.

Countries with fewer ASNs per capita may simply be at an earlier stage of development....

ASNs per Million People		y/y incr	Largest Domestic, percent on-net	
Bulgaria	66.0	4.03	BTC	33%
Ukraine	38.1	(1.19)	Datagroup	26%
Russia	30.5	1.36	Rostelecom	50%
Moldova	22.3	2.86	Moldtelecom	58%
Armenia	19.0	0.67	GNC-Alfa	34%
Kazakhstan	11.7	6.00	KazakhTelecom	86%
Georgia	11.3	1.33	Caucasus Online	39%
Turkey	4.2	0.34	Turk Telecom	82%
Iran	3.9	0.49	TIC (AS12880)	75%
Azerbaijan	3.5	0.21	Delta	90%
Iraq	1.2	0.11	Earthlink	69%
USA	47.7	0.90	CenturyLink	17%
Netherlands	34.6	2.94	KPN	20%
Germany	16.5	1.84	euNetworks	9%

However, countries with fewer ASNs per person also tend to have domestic providers with dominant shares of the national market: a possible indicator of reduced competition and higher prices.

They also grow more slowly.

Single-homed ASNs, %pct

2 transits

3+ transits

Germany	34	45	21
Netherlands	36	36	28
USA	38	38	24
Bulgaria	40	39	21
Russia	43	39	18
Iraq	48	30	22
Moldova	49	31	20
Iran	51	35	14
Armenia	52	24	24
Ukraine	53	33	14
Georgia	58	28	14
Kazakhstan	59	27	14
Turkey	64	27	9
Azerbaijan	65	20	15

Countries served by a higher than average proportion of single-homed ASNs are at higher risk of widespread Internet failure due to reliance on single large providers.

Global average:

- 42% singlehomed
 - 39% dualhomed
- (Sep 2014)*

Percentage ASNs with Cross Border Transit

September 2014

Germany	65%
Netherlands	60%
USA	59%

Georgia	49%
Moldova	35%
Bulgaria	34%
Iraq	25%
Armenia	18%
Ukraine	12%
Azerbaijan	9%
Russia	9%
Turkey	9%
Kazakhstan	7%
Iran	2%

Smaller numbers suggest that a small number of large domestic providers mediate most international transit for smaller providers



3. Navigating the Shifting Sands



Can Istanbul Serve the Region?

- The 50ms footprint only covers Anatolia and Eastern Europe
- Caucasus, Levant, Gulf Regions are 100ms+ or even 150ms+



Istanbul Losing Ground to Sofia as Regional Hub


FROM VANTAGE POINT:

Baku 

VP



TO CUSTOMER:

IQ Networks in **Baghdad, Iraq** 

Traversed Paths

Latency Measurements

Top 3 (of 10) by Usage

Path 1


USE 39%
LATENCY 128 ms



Delta Telecom 29049

Baku 

Delta Telecom 29049

Azerbaijan 

Level 3 3356

Sofia (2) 

IQ Networks 44217

Baghdad 



LEGEND

Provider

ASN



MPLS tunnel

Path 4

USE 5%
LATENCY 171 ms




Delta Telecom 29049

Baku 


Delta Telecom 29049

Azerbaijan 

Level 3 3356

Frankfurt am Main (2) 

Tata Comm... 6453

Frankfurt am Main 

Tata Comm... 6453

Istanbul (2) 

IQ Networks 44217

Baghdad 

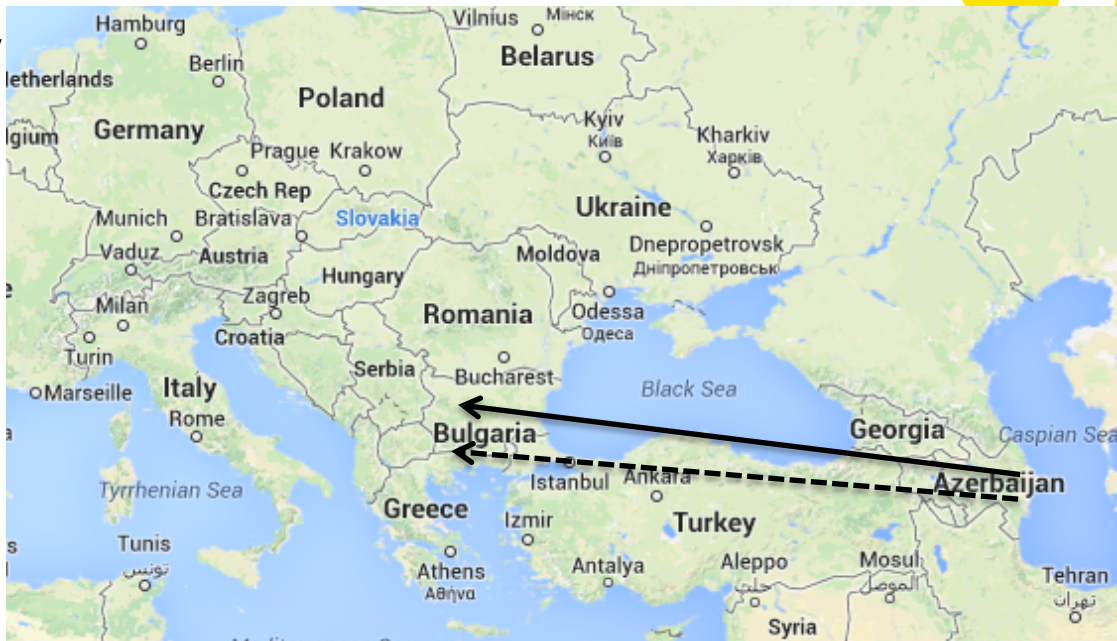


Turkish Routes, Bulgarian Routes, Russian Routes

Sofia increasingly dominates the regional peering picture, thanks to the Black Sea cable from Georgia to Bulgaria, where content is welcome and regulation is light. Level3 is a key beneficiary of this shift.

Istanbul increasingly serves only Turkish traffic bound for Western Europe and the USA.

Istanbul's dream of becoming a regional Internet hub city seems to be fading due to neighbor politics, lack of domestic IX capacity, regional competition.



Iran's Internet Transit is Smart, Adaptive

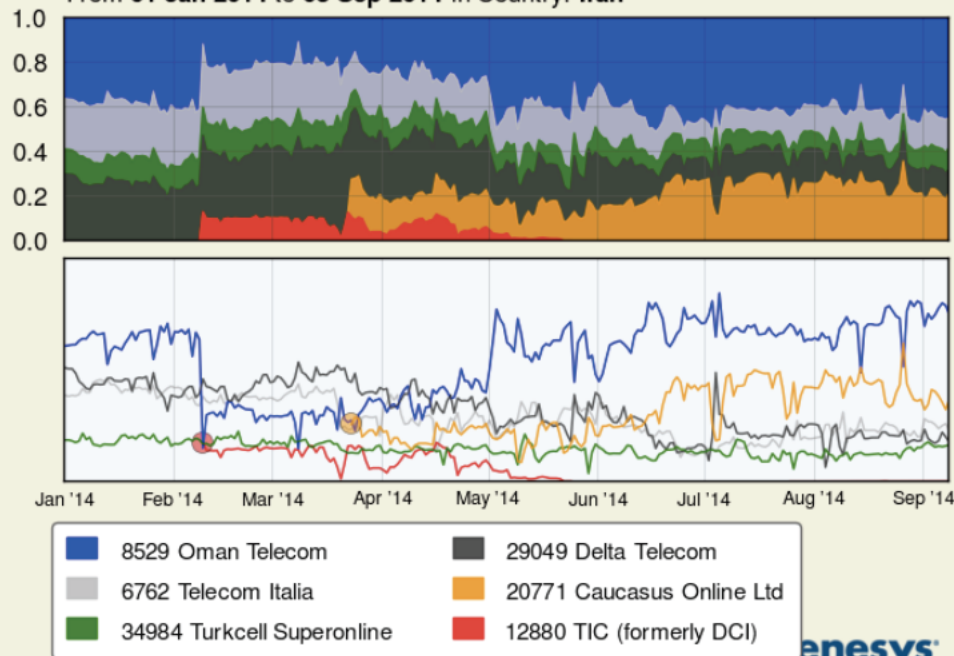
Iran takes advantage of all regional transit opportunities without getting pinned down to a single supplier.

- **OmanTel**, Telecom Italia
- **Turkcell/Superonline**
- **Delta Telecom**
- **Caucasus Online (**)**

*** Since March 2014*



Transit for TIC (formerly DCI) (AS48159)
From 01 Jan 2014 to 08 Sep 2014 in Country: Iran



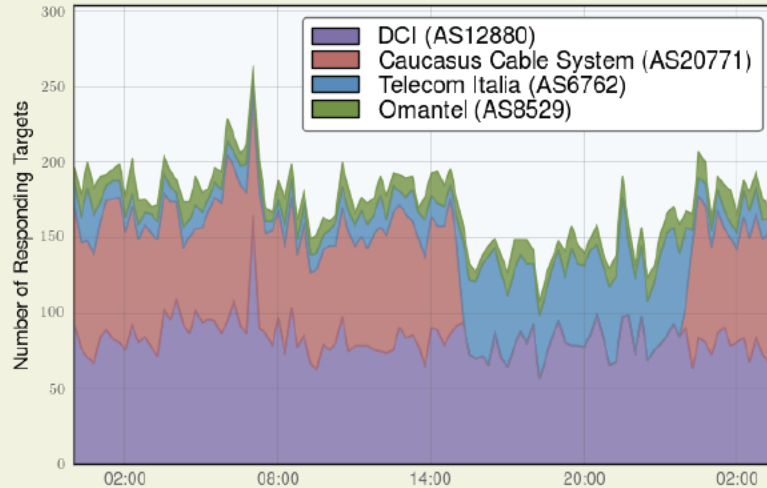
enesys

DELIVERED BY Dyn

Iran's Connection to Sofia Routes Via *Armenia*

Upstreams of TIC (AS48159) (Iran)

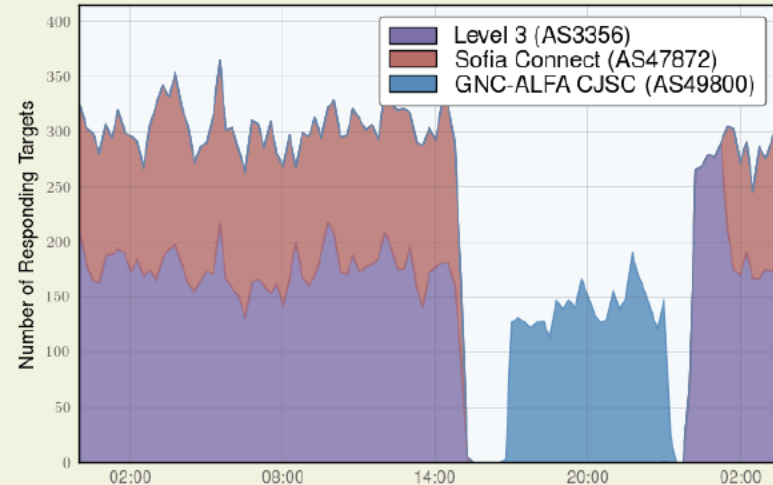
23 Jul 2014 through 24 Jul 2014



TIC Transit Shift, 24 July 2014

Upstreams of Ucom LLC (AS44395) (Armenia)

23 Jul 2014 through 24 Jul 2014



Ucom Armenia Transit Shift,
24 July 2014



Azerbaijan's Important Role

As **Sofia** increases in importance, **Azerbaijan** becomes a natural crossing point for traffic across Russian or Black Sea/Caucasus routes to Western Europe.

Iran subsequently becomes the leading candidate for a Middle Eastern terrestrial backbone linking Southeast Asia and the Gulf with Europe through Azerbaijan.

Could this be the rebirth of a New Silk Road?



TASIM: An Alternative Future?

“Trans-Eurasian Information Super Highway” now in the planning stages

Plans call for “proprietary IP/MPLS network” as a wholesale offering for telecom providers

All-incumbent partners
from China, Kazakhstan,
Azerbaijan, Russia,
Turkey

We'll see what happens!



<http://tasim.net>

Thank you!

Təşəkkür edirəm!

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